

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Question</b>	<b>Option A</b>	<b>Option B</b>	<b>Option C</b>	<b>Option D</b>	<b>Correct Answer</b>	<b>Chap. No</b>
1.	---- is the second most populous state in India	Maharashtra	Gujarat	Madhya Pradesh	Tamilnadu	<b>Maharashtra</b>	<b>1</b>
2.	According to census 2011 the density of population was ----	602	457	382	554	<b>382</b>	<b>1</b>
3.	The rural India has more than ---- of the total population.	70%	90%	85%	65%	<b>70%</b>	<b>1</b>
4.	As per the Sample Registration System Report, the sex ratio in 2017 was-----.	898	896	900	902	<b>896</b>	<b>1</b>
5.	Annapurna scheme was introduced in -----	April 2001	April 2002	April 2003	April 2000	<b>April 2000</b>	<b>2</b>

6.	Multidimensional Poverty Index is used by the -- ----to estimate poverty	UN	Planning Commission	World Bank	RBI	<b>UN</b>	<b>2</b>
7.	The state of ----- created maximum job opportunities under MGNREGS IN 2011-12	Maharashtra	Delhi	Tamilnadu	Rajasthan	<b>Rajasthan</b>	<b>2</b>
8.	The size of India's population according to 2011 census is -----millions.	1210.86	1300.23	1100.32	1500.24	<b>1210.86</b>	<b>2</b>
9.	-----is the known as the ' Aadhar Gaon'	Bundi Village	Thambali Village	Ganganagar Village	Karauli Village	<b>Thambali Village</b>	<b>3</b>
10.	----- Coefficient is used to measure the extent of inequality.	Lorenz	Gini	Index	Karl Pearson	<b>Gini</b>	<b>3</b>
11.	PradhanMantriUjjwalayojna is concerned with -- --	Electricity connection	Mobile connection	Television connection	LPG connection	<b>LPG connection</b>	<b>3</b>
12.	JNNURM stands for -----	Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Reuse Mission	Jawaharlal Nehru National Unique Renewal Mission	Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission	Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Management	<b>Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission</b>	<b>4</b>

13.	Price policy mainly benefits-----	Poor farmers	Skilled farmers	Urban farmers	Rich farmers	<b>Poor farmers</b>	<b>8</b>
14.	Demand for agricultural commodities----- ----	Elastic	Unit elastic	Inelastic	Relatively elastic	<b>Inelastic</b>	<b>8</b>
15.	High yielding variety seeds were used in the cultivation of-----	Wheat and rice	Sugar	Pulses	Rice	<b>Wheat and rice</b>	<b>7</b>
16.	Statutory minimum support price is applicable to-----	Jute, sugarcane	Rice & Wheat	Pulses	Cotton	<b>Jute,Sugarcane</b>	<b>8</b>
17.	----- system of taxation is used to reduce inequality	Proportionate	Progressive	Regressive	Marginal	<b>Progressive</b>	<b>3</b>
18.	-----are used by the Government in recent times to strengthen the last mile delivery of the various welfare programmes of the Government.	JAM	RAM	CPAN	DTAN	<b>JAM</b>	<b>5</b>
19.	NSSO stands for-----	Natural Sample Survey Organisation	National Simple Survey Organisation	National Sample Survey Organisation	National Sample Systematic Organisation	<b>National Sample Survey Organisation</b>	<b>4</b>
20.	Unemployment among the educated people is known as-----	Seasonal Unemployment	Educated Unemployment	Disguised Unemployment	Open Unemployment	<b>Educated Unemployment</b>	<b>4</b>
21.	The unemployment rate in India in 2017-18 was	6.1%	7.2%	5-7%	4.9%	<b>6.1%</b>	<b>4</b>

	----- based on usual status						
22.	‘Make in India’ was launched in -----with the goal of making India a manufacturing a global hub.	2012	2013	2014	2015	<b>2014</b>	<b>4</b>
23.	PMKVY stands for-----	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Vikas Yojana	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vidhyala Yojana	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vijay Yojana	<b>Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana</b>	<b>5</b>
24.	‘Rajiv AwasYojan’ was announced by the Government to have a -----	Slum free India	Poverty free India	Unemployment free India	Inequality free India	<b>Slum free India</b>	<b>5</b>
25.	Urbanisation -----employment opportunity	Decreases	Increases	Not affected	mixed effect	<b>Increases</b>	<b>5</b>
26	During the British regime, the----- collected the land revenue from the farmers on behalf of the Government.	Tenant	Zamindars	Labour	Agents	<b>Zamindars</b>	<b>6</b>
27	Co-operative farming enables -----farming.	Small scale	Micro Scale	Medium scale	Large scale	<b>Large scale</b>	<b>6</b>
28	In 2013-14 , food grains production in India.	265.6 million tonnes	260.6 million tonnes	165.6 million tonnes	270.6 million tonnes	<b>265.6 million tonnes</b>	<b>7</b>
29	Public distribution system is handled by-----	CACP	FCI	Department of Agriculture	Price monitoring Board	<b>FCI</b>	<b>7</b>
30	CACP stands for-----	Commission for Agricultural cost and prices	Centre for Agricultural cost and prices	Commission for Agricultural commodity	Commission for Agricultural cost and	<b>Commission for Agricultural cost and prices</b>	<b>8</b>

				and prices	profit		
31	----- plays an important role in agricultural pricing	Demand	Weather condition	Supply	Fertility of soil	<b>Supply</b>	<b>8</b>
32	----- is an apex bank for rural finance.	IDBI	NABARD	ICICI	SBI	<b>NABARD</b>	<b>9</b>
33	-----no. of private sector banks were nationalised in the year 1969	Fifteen	Fourteen	Nine	Twelve	<b>Fourteen</b>	<b>9</b>
34	The Kisan Credit Card is issued by -----	Government	NABARD	SBI	RRB	<b>NABARD</b>	<b>9</b>
35	Five RRB's were started in -----	1976	1978	1975	1969	<b>1975</b>	<b>9</b>
36.	Demand for agricultural commodity is-----	very elastic	Unitary elastic	Less elastic	Perfectly elastic	<b>less elastic</b>	<b>11</b>
37.	Market information reduces exploitation of ___	Farmers	traders	wholesalers	middleman	<b>Farmers</b>	<b>11</b>
38.	Objective of National Agricultural Policy was to achieve & sustain growth rate at ___	2 % per annum	3% per annum	4% per annum	5% per annum	<b>4% per annum</b>	<b>11</b>
39.	India has ___ largest arable land	First	Second	Third	Fourth	<b>Second</b>	<b>11</b>
40.	India has ___ million hector of waste land	89.5	79.5	69.5	59.5	<b>79.5</b>	<b>11</b>

41.	The general changes in the agriculture sector & it's related activities will help to promote _____	Rural development	Urban development	State development	Market development	<b>rural development</b>	<b>11</b>
42.	Make in India was launched in	2014	2015	2016	2017	<b>2014</b>	<b>12</b>
43.	India's rank in ease of doing business is __	100	101	102	103	<b>100</b>	<b>12</b>
44.	Industrial development in India since 1956 was based on	Wage goods model	Consumer goods	Agro based goods	Mahalnobis model	<b>Mahalnobis model</b>	<b>12</b>
45.	During the period 1976 to 1991 industrial growth in India was__	Recovered	Slowed down	Stagnant	Fast	<b>stagnant</b>	<b>12</b>
46.	Which of the following crisis was responsible for the announcement of industrial policy	Balance of payment crisis	Gulf war	IMF crisis	Oil crisis	<b>Balance of payment crisis</b>	<b>13</b>
47.	Locational restrictions were made flexible in the policy of	1948	1956	1973	1991	<b>1991</b>	<b>13</b>
48.	Which of the following is not role of public sector in India	Export promotion	Import substitution	Increase in unemployment	Foreign exchange earnings	<b>Increase in unemployment</b>	<b>14</b>
49.	The sale of equity in public sector enterprise is known as	Investment	Disinvestment	New investment	Further investment	<b>Disinvestment</b>	<b>14</b>

50.	Public sector enterprise constitutes a major segment of ___activity in Indian Economy	Agriculture	Industrial	Service	Service and agriculture	<b>Industrial</b>	<b>14</b>
51.	UAN stand for__	Udyog aadhar number	Udyog availability number	Udyog access number	Udyog activity number	<b>Udyog aadhar number</b>	<b>14</b>
52.	_____ is concerned with revival and rehabilitation of distressed MSMEs	Corrective action plan	Corrective action procedure	New action plan	Introduction of action procedure	<b>Corrective action plan</b>	<b>15</b>
53.	MRTP was replaced by ____	Contract act	Industry act	Competition act	Factories act	<b>competition act</b>	<b>16</b>
54.	Licensing system was ____ in the 1991 industrial policy	Introduced	Abolished	Revised	Amended	<b>abolished</b>	<b>16</b>
55.	IT and _____is a very important component of the service sector	Internet	Digital India	ITES	Telecommuni cation	<b>ITES</b>	<b>17</b>
56.	Services in the _____list are not taxed by the Government	Positive	Negative	Neutral	Nominal	<b>Negative</b>	<b>16</b>
57.	Cooperative credit has _____ structure	Two Tier	Four Tier	Five Tier	Three Tier	<b>Three Tier</b>	<b>16</b>
58	Which of the following is a growth potential in the health care industry in India?	Growing Insurance market	Expanding Medical Tourism	Telemedicin e	E-tourist visas	<b>Growing Insurance market</b>	<b>17</b>
59.	.In Tourism Sector FDI is encouraged upto ----- ----	50%	49%	100%	45%	<b>100%</b>	<b>17</b>
60.	E-tourist visa is concerned with ---- _____	Cultural Tourism	Medical Tourism	Adventure Tourism	Industrial Tourism	<b>Medical Tourism</b>	<b>17</b>
61.	The Scheme launched to correct regional imbalances and to improve the quality of	PMSSY	AYUSH	NRHM	NRLM	<b>PMSSY</b>	<b>17</b>

	medical education -----						
62.	NRHM stands for _____	National Regional Health Mission	National Rural Health Mission	National Rehabilitation Health Mission	National Recovery Health Mission	<b>National Rural Health Mission</b>	<b>17</b>
63.	Balance of payment always -----	Equal	Balances	Surplus	Deficit	<b>Balances</b>	<b>19</b>
64.	Special Economic zones are meant for-----	International product	Export Promotion	Domestic Product	Import Promotion	<b>Export Promotion</b>	<b>18</b>
65.	India's rank in the World Bank's Ease of Doing Business Report 2018 is ----- out of 190 countries	50	100	150	75	<b>100</b>	<b>18</b>
66.	There is full convertibility of rupee in the -----	Capital account	Merchandise account	Current account	Trading account	<b>Current Account</b>	<b>19</b>
67.	The share of exports from India's manufacturing sector is -----	Decreasing	Nominal	Increasing	No change	<b>Increasing</b>	<b>19</b>
68.	Merchandise account is included in ----- account	Trading account	Capital account	Receipts and payments account	Current account	<b>Current</b>	<b>19</b>
69.	Current account deficit is balanced by a ----- in the capital account	Deficit	Surplus	No change	Equal	<b>Surplus</b>	<b>19</b>
70.	Adverse Balance of payments occurs when payments are ----- receipts	More than	Less than	Equals to	Constant	<b>More than</b>	<b>19</b>
71.	India has a ----- in balance of trade.	Surplus	No change	Equal	Deficit	<b>Deficit</b>	<b>19</b>
72.	The New Trade policy is announced in the	Union Budget	Union Budget	Union	Union	<b>Union Budget</b>	<b>19</b>



		2013-2014	2012-2013	Budget 2015-16	Budget 2014- 2015	<b>2015-16</b>	
73.	FDI flow has increased since----	1990	1991	1992	1984	<b>1991</b>	<b>20</b>
74.	---- Equity participation is allowed in infrastructure development.	50%	35%	100%	25%	<b>100%</b>	<b>20</b>
75.	The capital which flows into the equity market is known as -----	Growth Investment	Portfolio investment	Defensive investments	Shares	<b>Portfolio investment</b>	<b>20</b>
76.	MNC's stands for--	Multilayer companies	Multinational companies	Multinational committee	Multidimensional companies	<b>Multinational companies</b>	<b>20</b>
77.	The foreign exchange reserves of India by March 2015 amounted to US \$----- Billion.	400.2	350.5	341.6	525.8	<b>341.6</b>	<b>20</b>
78.	FERA was replaced by -----	GATS	WTO	FEMA	GATT	<b>FEMA</b>	<b>20</b>
79.	SAARC STANDS FOR ---	South Asian Association for Rural cooperation	South Asian Association for Relative cooperation	South Asian Association for Regional cooperation	South Asian Association for Rigid cooperation	<b>South Asian Association for regional Cooperation</b>	<b>21</b>
80.	At present ---- countries are members of WTO.	160	164	150	124	<b>164</b>	<b>21</b>
81.	Singapore is one of the member nations of the --- -----	SAARC	ASEAN	BREXIT	EU	<b>ASEAN</b>	<b>21</b>
82.	WTO replaced ----- in 1995	FERA	GATT	FEMA	GATS	<b>GATT</b>	<b>21</b>
83.	The tenth ministerial conference was held at ----- in December 2017.	South Africa	Malaysia	Nairobi	Kenya	<b>Nairobi</b>	<b>21</b>
84.	Bhutan is a member of-----	ASEAN	BREXIT	EU	SAARC	<b>SAARC</b>	<b>21</b>
85.	----- Market is the most volatile market.	Money market	Call money market	Commercial paper market	Treasury Bill Market	<b>Call money</b>	<b>22</b>

86.	Certificate of deposits are issued by -----	Money market	Commercial banks	RBI	SEBI	<b>Commercial banks</b>	<b>22</b>
87.	REPO means-----	Relative purchase option	Regulated purchase option	Repurchase option	Reorganised purchase option	<b>Repurchase option</b>	<b>23</b>
88.	There are ___ regulated agricultural market in India at present	8187	9167	7157	5127	<b>7157</b>	<b>23</b>
89.	Primary marketing societies are at ___	Village level	State level	Centre level	City level	<b>village level</b>	<b>23</b>
90.	Money market is a market for___	Short term funds	Medium term funds	Ong term funds	Medium term and long term funds	<b>Short term funds</b>	<b>22</b>
91.	Call money market period is for ___	Only 2 days	2 days to 14 days	5 days to 13 days	6 days to 12 days	<b>2 days to 14 days</b>	<b>22</b>
92.	Treasury bills are issued by ___ on behalf of government of India	Commercial bank	RBI	Co-operative bank	State government	<b>RBI</b>	<b>22</b>
93.	Indigenous bankers are component of	RBI	Commercial bank	Co-operative bank	Unorganised money market	<b>Unorganized money market</b>	<b>22</b>
94.	Which of given is not the main player of Indian money market	Primary dealers	Commercial bank	Co-operative bank	Over the counter exchange of India	<b>Over the counter exchange of India</b>	<b>22</b>

95.	Certificate of deposits are issued by	Central bank	Commercial bank	Co-operative bank	Stock market	<b>Commercial bank</b>	<b>24</b>
96.	___ was the first mutual fund established in India	UTI	LIC	GIC	HDFC	<b>UTI</b>	<b>25</b>
97.	During inflation RBI ___ securities to absorb excess liquidity	Buys	Sells	Issues	Repurchase	<b>Sells</b>	<b>25</b>
98.	Capital Market is regulated by -----	RBI	SEBI	Money market	IRDA	<b>SEBI</b>	<b>25</b>
99.	SEBI was established in -----	1969	1970	1988	1990	<b>1988</b>	<b>25</b>
100	The National Stock Exchange was started in-----	1990	1991	1992	1993	<b>1992</b>	<b>25</b>

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